15W40

laterial Safety Data Sheet: 0137019

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Trade Name: MOTOR OIL

Supplier: BP Oil Company

4-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

GENERAL ASSISTANCE

Version # : 2

NFPA FIRE HAZARD

P America(In Ohio):800-362-8059 216-441-8106 (Technical)

Flammability: 1

(Outside Ohio):800-321-8642 216-586-8023 (MSDS) HEMTREC Assistance:800-424-9300

Health : 1 Reactivity : 0

Spl.Hazards:

SDS Number > 1370

ANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER:

P Oil Company

200 Public Square, Cleveland, OH 44114-2375

RADE NAME:

ANELLUS MG 15W-40 ate: 12/16/92

AS NUMBER:

MIXTURE

YNONYM(S):

MOTOR OIL; DIESEL AND GASOLINE ENGINE OIL; ALLISON

C-3

HEMICAL FAMILY:

HYDROCARBON

OLECULAR FORMULA: MIXTURE

OLECULAR WEIGHT: NO

RODUCT CODE:

P 3542/3554

IERARCHY:

050,080

EALTH

WARNING!

MAY BE IRRITATING TO THE SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT POSSIBLE ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED--CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE REPEATED OR PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT WITH USED OIL MAY CAUSE SKIN CANCER

EACTIVITY STABLE

ay cause gastrointestinal disturbances. Symptoms may include irritation, ausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration into lungs may cause pneumonitis.

KIN:

LIGHTLY IRRITATING. Repeated or prolonged contact may result in defatting, edness, itching, inflammation, cracking and possible secondary infection. ontact with heated material may cause thermal burns.

YE:

LIGHTLY IRRITATING. May cause irritation, conjunctivitis and lacrimation. ontact with heated material may cause thermal burns.

NHALATION:

ay cause respiratory tract irritation. Exposure to high concentrations of ense oil mists may lead to oil pneumonia.

PECIAL TOXIC EFFECTS:

ARC has determined that there is inadequate evidence for the carcinogenicity f highly-refined oils in humans and experimental animals, (IARC Class--3).

ublished studies of the dermal tumorigenicity of unused motor oils generally eport a lack of carcinogenic effect. At least one study reports results that uggest a weak dermal carcinogenic potential for such oils. The International gency for Research on Cancer (IARC), in its review of a large body of iterature, has determined that "The data are inadequate to evaluate the arcinogenicity of formulated [petroleum] products as a class . . . "

used motor oil composite has been reported to be "slightly to moderately arcinogenic" in laboratory animals. IARC has determined that "there is ufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of one sample of used asoline-engine oil" to experimental animals.

avautation first AID avautation entremember and FA NGESTION:

o not induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. If pontaneous vomiting occurs, monitor for breathing difficulty. Get immediate edical attention.

(IN CONTACT:

∍move contaminated clothing immediately. Wash area of contact thoroughly ith soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation results. Thermal irns require immediate medical attention.

YE CONTACT:

lush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. relids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Get edical attention if irritation results. Thermal burns require immediate adical attention.

WHALATION:

move affected person from source of exposure. If not breathing, ensure ear airway and institute cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). If breathing administer oxygen if available. Get immediate medical :tention.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICIAN DEPARTMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P spiration of petroleum products may cause a severe chemical pneumonitis (oil neumonia). Use of an endotracheal tube should be considered if gastric wage is considered. Gasping, coughing and choking are signs of aspiration. ngestion of one to two ml/kg body weight usually does not induce systemic xicity. Poor gastrointestinal absorption limits CNS depression, however spiration induced hypoxia may lead to CNS depression.

'E PROTECTION:

oid eye contact with this material. Wear safety glasses or chemical ggles. Provide an eyewash station in the work area.

KIN PROTECTION:

void skin contact. When working with this substance, wear appropriate hemical protective gloves. Depending upon conditions of use, additional rotection may be necessary such as face shield, apron, armcovers, etc.

ESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

f exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation is experienced, NIOSH pproved respiratory protection should be worn. Ventilation and other forms f engineering controls are often the preferred means for controlling chemical xposures. Respiratory protection may be needed for non-routine or emergency ituations.

OILING POINT: 304.44 C (580 F)

PECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.881 @ 15.6/15.6 C

ELTING POINT: NA

VOLATILE: NEGLIGIBLE

APOR PRESSURE: ND

VAPORATION RATE (WATER=1): VERY SLOW

APOR DENSITY (AIR=1): HEAVIER
ISCOSITY: 14 CST @ 100 C (212 F)
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: NEGLIGIBLE
CTANOL/WATER PARTITION COEFFICIENT:

OUR POINT: (-23 C (-9.4 F)

H: ND

PPEARANCE/ODOR:

A MEDIUM AMBER COLORED OIL.

LASH POINT: > 215.600 C > 420.0 F

UTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE; NO

LAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR (% BY VOL.) LOWER: NA LAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR (% BY VOL.) UPPER: NA

ASIC FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:

se water spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide to extinguish fire. ater or foam may cause frothing, with further application leading to oilover. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers, structures and to rotect personnel. Use water to flush spills away from sources of ignition. o not flush down public sewers or other drainage systems. Exposed irefighters must wear MSHA/NIOSH approved positive pressure self-contained reathing apparatus with full face mask and full protective clothing.

NUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

ombustible at high temperatures. Irritating or toxic substances may be mitted upon thermal decomposition.

SERVED PROPERTY OF A SERVED PR

TABILITY/INCOMPATIBILTY:

table under conditions of normal use. Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.

AZARDOUS REACTIONS/DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: ombustion may produce oxides of carbon, sulfur, nitrogen, phosphorus and eactive hydrocarbons.

eactivity Hazard: -

his product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the annual oxic chemical release reporting requirements of the Superfund Amendments and eauthorization Act (SARA) Section 313 (40 CFR 372):

omponent:

inc and zinc compounds

CAS Number: MIXTURE

Maximum % 5.000

DDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATORY INFORMATION:

his material contains a mixture of substances, some of which are listed as oxic pollutants pursuant to 40 CFR 122.21, Appendix D, Tables II/III/V. Any nusual introduction of this substance into the facility's process streams, tormwater and/or wastewater could result in the violation of U.S. Federal aw. Facilities must notify the USEPA as soon as they know, or have reason to elieve, that any activity has occurred, or will occur, which would result in he discharge of a toxic pollutant which is not regulated in the facility's PDES permit. Notification levels are described in 40 CFR 122.42(a)(1) and 22.42(a)(2). Refer to spill section for additional regulatory requirements.

here may be specific regulations at the local, regional or state level that ertain to this material.

ll components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory. All omponents of this product are listed on the Canadian DSL Inventory. he following Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System WHMIS) categories apply to this product:

ompressed Gas lammable/Combustible xidizer cutely Toxic ther Toxic Effects ioHazardous orrosive angerously Reactive

======== SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS/SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION ========SP= ANDLING/STORAGE:

void extremes of temperature in storage. Store in tightly closed containers n cool, dry, isolated, well-ventilated area away from heat, sources of gnition and incompatibles. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Do not at, drink or smoke in areas of use or storage. Use good personal hygiene ractices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet acilities. Remove contaminated clothing and clean before reuse. Shower fter work using soap and water.

MPTY CONTAINERS:

mpty containers may contain toxic, flammable/combustible or explosive residue r vapors. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose containers unless dequate precautions are taken against these hazards.

.O.T. PROPER SHIPPING NAME (49 CFR 172.101): PETROLEUM OIL, N.O.I.B.N. .O.T. HAZARD CLASS (49 CFR 172,101): NOT REGULATED N/NA CODE (49 CFR 172,101): NOT REGULATED ACKING GROUP (49 CFR 172.101): NOT REGULATED

ILL OF LADING DESCRIPTION (49 CFR 172.202): PETROLEUM OIL, N.O.I.B.N. .O.T. LABELS REQUIRED (49 CFR 172.101): NOT REGULATED .O.T. PLACARDS REQUIRED (49 CFR 172.504): NOT REGULATED ========= INGREDIENTS/HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION =============================== COMPONENT CAS NO. | % | EXPOSURE LIMITS - REF. istillates, hydrotreated 64742-54-7 55-70 5 mg/m3 TLV; 10 mg/m3 STE L (ACGIH) for oil mist, mineral eavy paraffinio 5 mg/m3 PEL (OSHA) for oi 1 mist. mineral 5 mg/m3 TWA; 10 mg/m3 STE L (NIOSH) for oil mist, mineral n engine oil additive packageMIXTURE 10-20 None established ontaining detergents and ispersants olvent dewaxed distillate, 64742-65-0 1-10 5 mg/m3 TLV; 10 mg/m3 STE L (ACGIH) eavy paraffinic for oil mist, mineral 5 mg/m3 PEL (OSHA) for oi l mist, mineral 5 mg/m3 TWA; 10 mg/m3 STE L (NIOSH) for oil mist, mineral emaining components not NA Trace NA etermined hazardous and/or azardous components present t less and 1.0% (0.1% for arcinogens).

nforceable.

he OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits listed above were promulgated by OSHA in 989. This standard was vacated by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Eleventh ircuit. Exposure limits defined in specific chemical standards found in

9 CFR 1910.1001-1048 are not covered by this ruling and are still

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BP OIL HSEQ DEPARTMENT

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PILL OR RELEASE TO THE ENVIRONMENT: f your facility or operation has an "Oil or Hazardous Substance Contingency lan", activate its procedures.

- Take immediate steps to stop and contain the spill. Caution should be exercised regarding personnel safety and exposure to the spilled material.
- For technical advice and assistance related to chemicals, contact CHEMTREC (800/424-9300) and your local fire department.
- Notify the National Response Center, if required. Also notify appropriate state and local regulatory agencies, the LEPC and the SERC. Contact the local Coast Guard if the release is into a waterway.

Emergency Action:

eep unnecessary people away. Keep ignition sources out of area.

Spill or Leak Procedure:

top leak if you can do it without risk. Small Spills: Take up with sand or ther noncombustible absorbent material and place into containers for later isposal. Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

Notification:

ny spill or release, or substantial threat of release, of this material to avigable water (virtually any surface water) sufficient to cause a visible heen upon the water must be reported immediately to the National Response enter (800/424-8802), as required by U.S. Federal Law. Failure to report may esult in substantial civil and criminal penalties. Also contact the Coast uard and appropriate state and local regulatory agencies.

ASTE DISPOSAL:

his substance, when discarded or disposed of, is not specifically listed as a axardous waste in Federal regulations; however it could be characteristically azardous if it is considered toxic, corrosive, ignitable, or reactive

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BP OIL HSEG DEPARTMENT

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